# **Attendance Policy**

Montalbo Nursery and Primary School

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# **Document History Log:**

Author of		Job role:	Headteacher
document:	Mr C Minikin		
Date document		Approval by	November 2025
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# **Annual Review History:**

Task	Date Reviewed	Reviewed by	Signatories
First document review	July 2023	C Minikin	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Review	July 2024	C Minikin	
3 <sup>rd</sup> Review			
4 <sup>th</sup> Review			

# **Revisions Log:**

Revision	Date of revision	Reason for revision	Resulting version number	Signatories
Changes to roles and requirements	July 2025	DfE changes to policy		

#### **Attendance Key Contacts**

# Please find the details of those with overall responsibility for attendance, attendance support and attendance improvement within our school below.

Name	Role	Contact details
Chris Minikin	Head Teacher / Principal	01833637718
Chris Minikin	Senior Attendance Champion	01833637718
Sarah Channell	Other senior leaders with	01833637718
and Lesley	responsibility for attendance	
Patterson		
Sarah O'Doherty	Governor with responsibility for	01833637718
	attendance	
Carrie Collin	Office Admin – makes contact with	01833637718
	parents/carers regarding absences.	
	Compile data on attendance for SLT	

If a pupil is going to be absent from school the person who should be informed is: Carrie Collin, Admin Assistant 01833637718 or <a href="mailto:office@montalboschool.org.uk">office@montalboschool.org.uk</a>

# If a pupil, parent or family is having difficulty with attending school and requires advice, help or support then they can contact:

Name	Role / type of help	Contact details
Chris Minikin	Headteacher	01833637718
Lesley Patterson	Acting DHT/ Early help	01833637718
Carrie Collin	Admin Assistant/report attendance -	01833637718
	clarification over periods of	
	absence/leave of absence request	
	forms	

#### Help & Support

Where help or support is needed with attendance the sooner school know about this, the quicker people can work together to support with this. Where needed this can involve other services to make sure that pupils and their families get the right support, at the right time from the right people.

#### **Children Missing from Education**

If pupils whereabouts are not known following enquiries schools can legally remove pupils from the admission register (the school roll) after 20 school days of unauthorised absence. It is **vital that parents keep school informed of any change of details** and regularly update them if details change. Pupils place in schools are at risk if whereabouts are not known. Children Missing from Education must be reported to the Local Authority and the matter may be treat as a safeguarding issue.

#### Introduction to our school attendance vision and ethos

Montalbo Nursery and Primary School seeks to ensure that all of its pupils receive an education which maximises opportunities for each pupil to realise his/her true potential. The school will strive to provide a calm, orderly, safe, and supportive environment where all pupils want to be and are keen and ready to learn within a culture that promotes the benefits of high attendance.

Regular school attendance plays a vital role in children's wellbeing and their education, ensuring that their current learning needs are being met but also building their future ability to learn.

As attendance is the essential foundation to positive outcomes for all pupils', improving attendance is everyone's business, a concerted effort across all teaching and nonteaching staff in school, the trust or governing body, the local authority, and other local partners.

Some pupils find it harder than others to attend school and therefore at all stages of improving attendance, the school and partners will work with pupils and parents to remove any barriers to attendance by building strong and trusting relationships and working together to put the right support in place.

Specific roles and responsibilities have been published in the <u>Working Together to improve</u> school attendance statutory guidance.

We recognise the link between regular attendance and the well-being, development and achievement of our students / pupils. We expect everyone to attend every session they are able to, to benefit from the learning and pastoral opportunities and support we offer.

Communication is vital to ensure we are able to work with our parents and pupils and support attendance.

We ask that parents check the contact details, address and emergency contact information held by the school are up-to-date are communicated to school as soon as possible as it is extremely important school can contact parents in an emergency, keep parents informed of events and progress or discuss any concerns at the earliest opportunity.

#### The school day

The school day is from 8.45am to 3.15pm. Children are able to arrive from 8.30am and enter the classroom, with the soft start helping families and to enable less congestion to occur outside of the school gates. Nursery, Reception, Y1-3 are dropped off and collected from their classroom door. Y4-6 enter via the playground door. Y4 are collected from their classroom door. Y5-6 leave via the playground door.

Registration is 8.45am. The register will close at 9am. Pupils must be in school to be marked present, otherwise another appropriate code will be used (Attendance codes appended).

Pupils arriving late for registration, but before the register has closed will be recorded as late (L code).

Pupils who are not present before the register closes but attend during the session will be recorded as a U code unless the reason means another code is more appropriate. The U code is an unauthorised absence.

Arriving late to school can be disruptive and unsettling to the child and the rest of their class. Parents should contact Mrs Collin or Mr Minikin if there are any issues which are affecting a pupils ability to attend school on time.

#### If your child is late for school:

All children arriving late at school will be asked the reason for their lateness and this will be recorded on SIMs.

If a child is late (after registers close) for school on a number of occasions a letter will be sent to parents/carers inviting them to meet with Mr Minikin.

If the school continues to have concerns about a child's punctuality there are other options we may consider: breakfast club offers, early bird sessions, meet and greets for support or possible referral to the local authority for action if unauthorised

#### Term dates and planned Inset days

Term dates can be found on Weduc (our communication app with parents/carers) or the school website.

#### Leave of Absence in Term Time

Head teachers are expected to restrict leave of absence in term-time to the specific circumstances in <u>regulation 11 of the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England)</u> Regulations 2024. There is discretion to consider exceptional circumstances based on the individual facts, circumstances and background behind the request. Permission should be (academies)/ must be (maintained schools and non-maintained special schools) requested in advance by a parent the pupil normally lives with completing the form available from the School Office.

Where a leave of absence is granted, the head teacher will determine the number of days a pupil can be away from school.

A leave of absence is granted entirely at the head teacher's discretion. If an application is not made for leave then the absence will be recorded as unauthorised regardless of circumstances.

The DfE have stated that generally they do not consider the need or desire for a holiday or other absence for leisure or recreation to be an exceptional circumstance.

#### On the first day of absence

If a pupil is to be absent for any reason, parents or carers are asked to contact the School by telephone, Weduc or emailing <a href="mailto:office@montalboschool.org.uk">office@montalboschool.org.uk</a> providing a reason for the absence. If a pupil is absent from school and there is no contact from parents/carers then school will contact home to find out why the pupil not in school. Mrs Collin will telephone families

Appointments should be made outside of school time where possible. If this is not possible, your child should miss the minimum amount of school time necessary. If they are well enough to come back to school following the appointment they should do.

#### Periods of extended absence

If a child has sickness and diarrhoea, they need to be absent 48 hours clear of the last episode. If your child is absent longer than this, please update the school on daily. If school have been made aware of a longer absence eg. Following a medical procedure, please update school

weekly. School consults NHS guidance on other types of illnesses and will inform parents/carers when notified.

#### No reason for absence provided

If the school do not receive a reason for any absence it will be recorded as unauthorised. Regular absence and unauthorised absences could result in more formal action. School will contact the appropriate authorities if we are unable to make contact with parents/carers or there is safeguarding issue a home visit may be made to check on the welfare of the child/children.

Where 10 or more unauthorised absences are recorded in any 10 school week period the school must consider whether a penalty notice may be appropriate and if so will refer the matter to the local authority.

#### Absence authorisation

The High Court has confirmed that the school's Head Teacher authorises absences. In some circumstances, the school may request that parent's provide medical evidence to support absences.

We want to support all our pupils to ensure they can access their education and will take a support first approach. This will sometimes require communications and conversations to better understand the circumstances which may lead to absence.

#### Promoting good attendance and punctuality

- Submit a daily attendance return to the Department of Education, in line with the legal expectations placed on all schools;
- Build strong relationships and work jointly with families;
- Give parents/carers details on attendance in our newsletters,
- Promote the benefits of high attendance to pupils by discussing attendance/attainment/enjoyment in assemblies.
- Accurately complete admission and attendance registers and have effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absences
- Celebrate excellent attendance by displaying and reporting individual and class achievements in Celebration Assembly and a whole school display;
- · Reward good or improving attendance;

#### Attendance data

We will use data we have such as whole school, year group, form/class and individual pupil level to analyse for patterns of absence which may require some support to improve.

We will also consider different pupil cohorts such as all pupils, those who have free school meals, those with special educational needs or disabilities, pupil premium, children who have a social worker or are looked after etc to identify where additional support may be required.

We will use the information to inform what we do to support and aid discussions between staff, pupils and families.

We will monitor the data to understand the impact of what we do.

We will communicate information to parents/carers, staff and other professionals such as early help, where necessary.

#### Absence concerns

Parents/carers may identify concerns about school attendance early if there is a change in child's attitude to school or in their willingness to attend. If this is the case, concerns should be shared with school so people can work together to ensure that school attendance does not decline. The earlier concerns are identified and shared, the quicker they may be resolved.

#### Persistent absence

Pupils who miss 10% or more of their sessions at school are persistently absent. Early intervention is key to ensure that parents/carers are aware of the impact of persistent absences on attendance. Mr Minikin or our Deputy headteachers will arrange to meet parents/carers when attendance is causing concern and offer support identified earlier. Other services such as those provided by Early Help may be offered to parents/carers for support

#### Severe absence

Pupils who miss 50% or more of their sessions at school are severely absent

School will work with pupils, parents and partner services and agencies to provide additional support through a more formal, planned approach in conjunction with the local authority to prevent severe absence (persistently absent pupils 70% or below) – review Attendance Support Meeting involving the School Attendance Champion.

#### National framework for penalty notices and other legal intervention

To improve consistency of practice across the country there is a national framework for penalty notices.

At the point where there are 10 unauthorised absence sessions recorded in any 10 school-week period, schools must consider if:

- further support is appropriate.
- support is appropriate but is not being engaged with.
- support is appropriate but is not improving attendance.
- support is not needed, such as in cases of term-time leave of absence.

If support is appropriate, this should continue.

If support is appropriate but is not improving attendance or is not being engaged with, then a referral for consideration of legal intervention should be made to the local authority. This can include, but is not limited to a Notice to Improve, an application for an Education Supervision Order, Penalty Notice or Offence investigation Interview (PACE caution).

If support is not appropriate, such as where a holiday in term-time has taken place, a referral for a penalty notice will be made. (DCC - Penalty Notice Code of Conduct)

Penalty notices offer the opportunity to deal with an irregular attendance offence without the need to go to court. Penalty notices are issued at a rate of £160, reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days.

There is an escalation policy which means that if a second notice is issued within a three-year period, the second notice will only be payable at the rate of £160. Further offences will not be eligible for the offer of a penalty notice and parents may be prosecuted in court. (DCC - Penalty Notice Leaflet)

If penalty notices are not paid then a prosecution for the original irregular attendance offence will take place.

If convicted at court under section 444 of the Education Act for failing to secure the regular attendance of a registered pupil at school, a parent may be fined up to £1000 for each offence. If there is evidence that a parent knowingly failed to secure the attendance and there is no reasonable justification for this, they can be fined up to £2500 and/or face up to 3 months in prison, be subject to probation supervision or have a curfew imposed as maximum sentences.

### Pupils with specific needs

Considerations with be given for pupil with SEND and/or medical issues. Please contact the school at the earliest opportunity to explain these needs and how they may impact attendance so that appropriate arrangements can be made.

### This policy is supported by our policies on:

Safeguarding, behaviour and inclusion.

#### The school and all partners will work together to:

#### **EXPECT**

Aspire to high standards of attendance from all pupils and parents and build a culture where all can, and want to, be in school and ready to learn by prioritising attendance improvement across the school.



#### **MONITOR**

Rigorously use attendance data to identify patterns of poor attendance (at individual and cohort level) as soon as possible so all parties can work together to resolve them before they become entrenched.



#### LISTEN AND UNDERSTAND

When a pattern is spotted, discuss with pupils and parents to listen to understand barriers to attendance and agree how all partners can work together to resolve them.



#### **FACILITATE SUPPORT**

Remove barriers in school and help pupils and parents to access the support they need to overcome the barriers outside of school. This might include an early help or whole family plan where absence is a symptom of wider issues.



#### **FORMALISE SUPPORT**

Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, partners should work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances this may include formalising support through a parenting contract or education supervision order.



#### **ENFORCE**

Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, enforce attendance through statutory intervention or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.

#### **Expect**

We all want the best for pupils and therefore aspire to have the highest attendance possible for each individual to allow them to access the education on offer to them in a culture they feel safe, part of the community and where they want to be.

#### **Monitor**

We monitor attendance data each week to identify and support attendance, enabling school to address concerns at the earliest opportunity using a support first approach.

#### Listening to and understanding barriers to attendance

Mr Minikin communicate with parents where concerns are identified by school. Mrs Patterson may also help with support that can be offered via Early Help.

#### **Facilitate support**

Listening and discussing barriers to attendance with parents/carers and children will help formulate our supportive approach and will be tailored to individual needs. This may require additional agencies support arranged via Early Help. Expertise from the local authority may be required to help improve persistent and severe absence, including accessing specialist support services.

#### Formalise support

Where absence persists and voluntary support is not working or not being engaged with, partners will work together to explain the consequences clearly and ensure support is also in place to enable families to respond. Depending on the circumstances, this may include formalising support through an attendance contract.

#### **Enforce**

Where all other avenues have been exhausted and support is not working or not being engaged with, attendance may be enforced where necessary through statutory intervention or prosecution to protect the pupil's right to an education.